

Александр Васильевич Кельманов



(25.04.1952 – 1.12.2019)

1 декабря 2019 года на 68 году жизни скончался доктор физико-математических наук, главный научный сотрудник лаборатории анализа данных Института математики им. С.Л. Соболева Сибирского отделения РАН (ИМ СО РАН) Александр Васильевич Кельманов.

А.В. Кельманов родился 25 апреля 1952 году. В 1969 году окончил Ижевский естественно-гуманитарный лицей «Школа № 30». В 1974 году с отличием окончил Ижевский механический институт (сейчас - Ижевский государственный технический университет), защитив дипломную работу «Многоканальный анализатор спектра сигналов». После окончания учебы Александр Васильевич приехал в Академгородок г. Новосибирск. Начал свою работу в Новосибирском государственном университете (НГУ), чуть позже там же поступил в аспирантуру. Долгое время работал в Научно-исследовательской части НГУ, по договорам вел совместные исследования с коллегами из лаборатории анализа данных, а с 1989 г. официально перешел в штат лаборатории анализа данных Института математики СО АН СССР (ИМ), продолжая работать в НГУ в качестве доцента на кафедре теоретической кибернетики механико-математического факультета НГУ.

А.В. Кельманов был специалистом в области прикладной математики, информатики и компьютерных технологий. Занимался проблемами дискретной оптимизации; экстремальными задачами анализа данных и распознавания образов, алгоритмами с

гарантированными (доказуемыми) оценками точности для труднорешаемых задач дискретной оптимизации, прикладной статистикой и аппроксимацией, геометрическими задачами на графах.

А.В. Кельманов многократно был автором результатов, признанных важнейшими научными достижениями ИМ. Ему принадлежат цикл работ по исследованию вычислительной сложности дискретных экстремальных задач, которые индуцируются актуальными проблемами анализа данных и распознавания образов; систематизация этих задач; полиномиальные алгоритмы с гарантированными оценками точности для решения НР-трудных задач анализа данных и распознавания образов; компьютерные технологии, реализующие эти алгоритмы (2005–2014 гг.); математические методы, эффективные алгоритмы с оценками точности и компьютерные технологии, ориентированные на решение проблем помехоустойчивого анализа и распознавания числовых и векторных последовательностей как дискретных структур, которые в отсутствие помехи включают повторяющиеся, чередующиеся и перемежающиеся информационно значимые элементы и их комбинации (1994–2014 гг.); математическая модель звукового строя русского языка, учитывающая триграммное взаимодействие фонем в слитной речи; алгоритмы макроволнового компьютерного синтеза устной русской речи по тексту, реализующие эту модель (1990–1993 гг.); математические методы, эффективные алгоритмы и компьютерные технологии для решения проблем (помехоустойчивого анализа и распознавания речевых сигналов), возникающих при голосовом управлении различными техническими объектами (компьютерными системами, летательными аппаратами, портативными средствами сбора и обработки данных и т.п.) (1974–1994 гг.).

А.В. Кельманов был одним из разработчиков системы [QPSLab \(QuasiPeriodic Sequences Laboratory\)](#) для решения задач компьютерного анализа и распознавания числовых последовательностей с квазипериодической структурой.

Под руководством А.В. Кельманова было выполнено 11 проектов, поддержанных РFFI, защищены 5 кандидатских диссертаций, велась подготовка аспирантов ИМ СО РАН и НГУ, а также студентов кафедры Теоретической кибернетики НГУ. Он входил в состав редколлегии журналов: «Дискретный анализ и исследование операций» и «Проблемы информатики».



Ссылки:

<https://www.iis.nsk.su/news/2019-12-02-0>

<http://www.math.nsc.ru/~kelmanov/>

http://www.math.nsc.ru/~kelmanov/kelmanov_2014.pdf

<http://www.school-30.com/api/persons/5MLXhCUv/destinations>

http://www.mathnet.ru/php/getFirstPage.phtml?jrnid=sjvm&paperid=736&option_lang=rus

Диссертации

Кандидатская диссертация: "Анализ и распознавание речевых сигналов по параметрам модели авторегрессии", 1980.

Докторская диссертация: "Теория и практика построения систем обработки речевых сигналов, устойчивых к нелинейным искажениям", 1994.

Избранные статьи

1. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV; Ruzankin, PS; Khamidullin, SA.
Recognition of a Quasi-Periodic Sequence Containing an Unknown Number of Nonlinearly Extended Reference Subsequences
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 61(7), 1153-1161 (2021)
2. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV; Ruzankin, PS; Khamidullin, SA.
Problem of Minimizing a Sum of Differences of Weighted Convolutions
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 60(12), 1951-1963 (2020)
3. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV; Ruzankin, PS; Khamidullin, SA.
Minimization Problem for Sum of Weighted Convolution Differences: The Case of a Given Number of Elements in the Sum
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS 13(2), 103-116 (2020)
4. Kel'manov, A; Khamidullin, S; Khandeev, V; Pyatkin, A.
Exact algorithms for two integer-valued problems of searching for the largest subset and longest subsequence
ANNALS OF MATHEMATICS AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE 88(1-3), 157-168 (2020)
5. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Complexity of Some Problems of Quadratic Partitioning of a Finite Set of Points in Euclidean Space into Balanced Clusters
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 60(1), 163-170 (2020)
6. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV; Khandeev, VI.
NP-Hardness of Quadratic Euclidean 1-Mean and 1-Median 2-Clustering Problem with Constraints on the Cluster Sizes
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 100(3), 545-548 (2019)
7. Kel'manov, AV; Ruzankin, PS.
An Accelerated Exact Algorithm for the One-Dimensional M-Variance Problem
PATTERN RECOGNITION AND IMAGE ANALYSIS 29(4), 573-576 (2019)

8. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV; Khandeev, VI.
NP-Completeness of Some Problems of Partitioning a Finite Set of Points in Euclidean Space into Balanced Clusters
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 100(2), 416-419 (2019)
9. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Polynomial-Time Solvability of the One-Dimensional Case of an NP-Hard Clustering Problem
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 59(9), 1553-1561 (2019)
10. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
On Polynomial Solvability of One Quadratic Euclidean Clustering Problem on a Line
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 100(1), 339-342 (2019)
11. Kel'manov, AV; Panasenko, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Randomized Algorithms for Some Hard-to-Solve Problems of Clustering a Finite Set of Points in Euclidean Space
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 59(5), 842-850 (2019)
12. Kel'manov, AV; Panasenko, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Exact Algorithms of Search for a Cluster of the Largest Size in Two Integer 2-Clustering Problems
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS 12(2), 105-115 (2019)
13. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV; Khandeev, VI.
On the Complexity of Some Problems of Searching for a Family of Disjoint Clusters
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 99(1), 52-56 (2019)
14. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Khandeev, VI.
A Randomized Algorithm for a Sequence 2-Clustering Problem
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 58(12), 2078-2085 (2018)
15. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
NP-Hardness of Some Euclidean Problems of Partitioning a Finite Set of Points
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 58(5), 822-826 (2018)
16. Kel'manov, AV; Motkova, AV.
Polynomial-Time Approximation Algorithm for the Problem of Cardinality-Weighted Variance-Based 2-Clustering with a Given Center
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 58(1), 130-136 (2018)
17. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM; Khamidullin, SA.
An Approximation Scheme for the Problem of Finding a Subsequence
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS 10(4), 313-323 (2017)
18. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV; Khamidullin, SA; Khandeev, VI.
Approximation algorithm for the problem of partitioning a sequence into clusters
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 57(8), 1376-1383 (2017)
19. Ageev, AA; Pyatkin, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Shenmaier, VV; Kel'manov, AV.
Approximation Polynomial Algorithm for the Data Editing and Data Cleaning Problem
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 17(3), 365–370 (2017)
20. Mikhailova, LV; Khamidullin, SA; Khandeev, VI; Kel'manov, AV.
An Approximation Algorithm for a Problem of Partitioning a Sequence into Clusters
Zhurnal Vychislitelnoi Matematiki i Matematicheskoi Fiziki 57(8), 149 (2017)
21. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Khandeev, VI.
Exact pseudopolynomial algorithm for one sequence partitioning problem
AUTOMATION AND REMOTE CONTROL 78(1), 67-74 (2017)

22. Galashov, AE; Kel'manov, AV.
Pseudopolynomial Time Solvability of a Quadratic Euclidean Problem of Finding a Family of Disjoint Subsets
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS 10(1), 11-16 (2017)
23. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity of some Euclidean problems of partitioning a finite set of points
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 94(3), 635-638 (2016)
24. Eremeev, AV; Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity and approximability of some Euclidean optimal summing problems
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 56(10), 1813-1817 (2016)
25. Eremeev, AV; Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity of some Euclidean optimal summing problems
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 93(3), 286-288 (2016)
26. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity of some quadratic Euclidean 2-clustering problems
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 56(3), 491-497 (2016)
27. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Fully polynomial-time approximation scheme for a special case of a quadratic Euclidean 2-clustering problem
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 56(2), 334-341 (2016)
28. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
Fully Polynomial-Time Approximation Scheme for a Special Case of a Quadratic Euclidean 2-Clustering Problem
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 56(2), 332-340 (2016)
29. Kelmanov, AV; Motkova, AV.
Exact Pseudopolynomial Algorithms for a Balanced 2-clustering problem
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 10(3), 349-355 (2016)
30. Kel'manov, AV; Motkova, AV.
Exact pseudopolynomial algorithms for a balanced 2-clustering problem
Diskretnyi analiz i issledovanie operatsii 23(3), 21 (2016)
31. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
NP-hardness of some Quadratic Euclidean 2-clustering problems
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 92(2), 634-637 (2015)
32. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
An approximation polynomial-time algorithm for a sequence bi-clustering problem
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 55(6), 1068-1076 (2015)
33. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
A randomized algorithm for two-cluster partition of a set of vectors
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 55(2), 330-339 (2015)
34. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
An exact pseudopolynomial algorithm for a problem of the two-cluster partitioning of a set of vectors
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 9(4), 497 (2015)
35. Ageev, AA; Kelmanov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
Complexity of the weighted max-cut in Euclidean space
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 8(4), 453 (2014)

36. Kelmanov, AV; Romanchenko, SM.
FPTAS FOR SOLVING A PROBLEM OF SEARCH FOR A VECTOR SUBSET
Diskretnyi analiz i issledovanie operatsii 21(3), 41 (2014)
37. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM.
An FPTAS for a vector subset search problem
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 8(3), 329-336 (2014)
38. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
An approximating polynomial algorithm for a sequence partitioning problem
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 8(2), 236-244 (2014)
39. Ageev, AA; Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
NP-hardness of the Euclidean Max-Cut problem
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 89(3), 343-345 (2014)
40. Galashov, AE; Kel'manov, AV.
A 2-approximate algorithm to solve one problem of the family of disjoint vector subsets
Avtomatika i telemekhanika (4), 5 (2014) [AUTOMATION AND REMOTE CONTROL 75(4), 595-606 (2014)]
41. Kel'manov, AV; Khandeev, VI.
A 2-approximation polynomial algorithm for a clustering problem
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 7(4), 515-521 (2013)
42. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On complexity of some problems of cluster analysis of vector sequences
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 7(3), 363-369 (2013)
43. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM; Khamidullin, SA.
Accurate pseudopolynomial-time algorithms for certain NP-hard problems of searching for a vector subsequence
Zhurnal Vychislitelnoi Matematiki i Matematicheskoi Fiziki 53(1), 143 (2013)
44. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Recognition of a sequence as a structure containing series of recurring vectors from an alphabet
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 53(7), 1044-1055 (2013)
45. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM.
Pseudopolynomial algorithms for certain computationally hard vector subset and cluster analysis problems
AUTOMATION AND REMOTE CONTROL 73(2), 349-354 (2012)
46. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM.
An FPTAS for a vector subset search problem
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 8(3), 329-336 (2012)
47. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM; Khamidullin, SA.
Approximation Algorithms for Some Intractable Problems of Choosing a Vector Subsequence
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 6(4), 443-450 (2012)
48. Kel'manov, AV; Romanchenko, SM.
An approximation algorithm for solving a problem of search for a vector subset
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 6(1), 90-96 (2012)
49. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity of some problems of choosing a vector subsequence
Zhurnal Vychislitelnoi Matematiki i Matematicheskoi Fiziki 52(12), 2284 (2012)

50. Kel'manov, AV.
On the complexity of some cluster analysis problems
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 51(11), 1983-1988 (2011)
51. Dolgushev, AV; Kel'manov, AV.
An approximation algorithm for solving a problem of cluster analysis
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 5(4), 551-558 (2011)
52. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
NP-completeness of some problems of choosing a vector subset
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 5(3), 352-357 (2011)
53. Dolgushev, AV; Kelmanov, AV.
On the algorithmic complexity of a problem in cluster analysis
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 5(2), 191-194 (2011)
54. Kel'manov, AV.
On the complexity of some data analysis problems
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 50(11), 1941-1947 (2010)
55. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
Complexity of certain problems of searching for subsets of vectors and cluster analysis
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 49(11), 1966-1971 (2009)
56. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Recognition Problem for a Vector Alphabet Generating a Sequence with a Quasiperiodic Structure
NUMERICAL ANALYSIS AND APPLICATIONS 2(3), 220 (2009)
57. Kelmanov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On a version of the problem of choosing a vector subset
Journal of Applied and Industrial Mathematics 3(4), 447-455 (2009)
58. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Posteriori Joint Detection of a Recurring Tuple of Reference Fragments in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 48(12), 2276-2288 (2008)
59. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
On the complexity of a search for a subset of "similar" vectors
DOKLADY MATHEMATICS 78(1), 574-575 (2008)
60. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
A Posteriori Joint Detection of Reference Fragments in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 48(5), 850-865 (2008)
61. Gimadi, E; Kel'manov, A; Kel'manova, M; Khamidullin, S.
A posteriori detecting a quasiperiodic fragment in a numerical sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 18(1), 30 (2008)
62. Kel'manov, AV; Pyatkin, AV.
ON ONE VARIANT OF THE VECTORS SUBSET CHOICE PROBLEM
Diskretnyi analiz i issledovanie operatsii 15(5), 20 (2008)
63. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Recognition of a numerical sequence that includes series of quasi-periodically recurring standard fragments
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 10(4), 61 (2007)
64. Gimadi, EKh; Khamidullin, SA; Kel'manova, MA; Kel'manov, AV.

- A posteriori detection of a quasiperiodic fragment with a given number of repetitions in a numerical sequence
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 9(1(25)), 55-74 (2006)
65. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Joint Detection of a Given Number of Reference Fragments in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence and Its Partition into Segments Containing Series of Identical Fragments
Computational Mathematics and Mathematical Physics 46(1), 172-189 (2006)
66. Kelmanov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Joint detection of a given number of reference fragments in a quasi-periodic sequence and its partition into segments containing series of identical fragments
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 46(1), 165-181 (2006)
67. Gimadi, EKh; Kel'manov, AV; Kel'manova, MA; Khamidullin, SA.
Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Posteriori Joint Detection and Identification of Quasiperiodic Fragments in a Sequence from Their Pieces
Siberian Journal of Industrial Mathematics 9(2(26)), 55-74 (2006)
68. Kel'manov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Recognition of a Numerical Sequence Containing Series of Quasi-Periodically Repeating Reference Fragments: The Case of a Known Number of Fragments
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 16(3), 358-370 (2006)
69. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Posteriori Concurrent Detection and Identification of Quasiperiodic Fragments in a Sequence from Their Pieces
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 16(4), 599-613 (2006)
70. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Simultaneous A Posteriori Detection and Identification of a Predetermined Number of Quasi-periodic Fragments in a Sequence Based on Their Segments
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 16(3), 344-357 (2006)
71. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A posteriori detection in a numerical sequence of a given number of unknown quasiperiodic fragments
Siberian Journal of Industrial Mathematics 9(3(27)), 50-65 (2006)
72. Kelmanov, AV; Mikhailova, LV.
Recognition of a numerical sequence that includes series of quasi-periodic recurring standard fragments: The case of a known number of fragments
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 8(3), 69-86 (2005)
73. Kel'manov A.V., Khamidullin S.A. A Posteriori Joint Detection and Identification of a Given Number of Quasiperiodic Fragments in a Sequence from Their Pieces
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 8(2), 83-102 (2005)
74. Kel'manov, AV; Jeon, B.
A posteriori joint detection and discrimination of pulses in a quasiperiodic pulse train
IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON SIGNAL PROCESSING 52(3), 645-656 (2004)
75. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A posteriori detection of a quasiperiodically recurring fragment in numerical sequences in the presence of noise and data loss
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 14(3), 421-434 (2004)

76. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
Recognition of a quasiperiodic sequence containing identical subsequences-fragments
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 14(1), 72-83 (2004)
77. Kel'manov, AV; Michailova, LV.
Joint Detection of a Given Number of Reference Fragments in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence and
Its Partition into Segments Containing Series of Identical Fragments
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 7(4), 71-91 (2004)
78. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Recognition of a numerical sequence from fragments of a quasi-periodically repeating
standard sequence
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 7(2), 68-87 (2004)
79. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Posteriori Detection of a Quasiperiodically Recurring Fragment in Numerical Sequences in
the Presence of Noise and Data Loss
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 6(2), 46-63 (2004)
80. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
Recognition of Quasiperiodic Sequence Containing Identical Subsequences-fragments
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 5(4), 38-54 (2002)
81. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
A Posteriori Detection of Identical Subsequences in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 5(2), 94-108 (2002)
82. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Recognizing a Quasiperiodic Sequence Composed of a Given Number of Truncated
Subsequences
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 5(1), 85-104 (2004)
83. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
A posteriori detection of identical subsequences in a quasiperiodic sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 12(4), 438-447 (2002)
84. Kelmanov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Posterior detection of a given number of identical subsequences in a quasi-periodic sequence
COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS AND MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS 41(5), 807-820 (2001)
85. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Posterior Detection of a Given Number of Identical Subsequences in a Quasi-periodic Sequence
Computational Mathematics and Mathematical Physics 41(5), 762-774 (2001)
86. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Recognizing a Quasiperiodic Sequence Composed of a Given Number of Truncated
Subsequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(4), 718-731 (2001)
87. Kel'manov, AV; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
A posteriori simultaneous detection and discrimination of subsequences in a quasiperiodic
sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(3), 505-520 (2001)
88. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Algorithm of Recognition a Quasiperiodic Sequence Composed of a Given Number of
Truncated Subsequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(1), 43-46 (2001)

89. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Algorithm of Detection of a Given Number of Truncated Subsequences in a Quasiperiodic Sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(1), 39-42 (2001)
90. Kel'manov, AV; Radnaeva, DB.
Algorithm for Phonetic Transcription of the Burayt Text
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(1), 37-38 (2001)
91. Kel'manov, AV; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
Algorithm of Joint Detection and Discrimination of Subsequences in a Quasiperiodic Sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 11(1), 33-36 (2001)
92. Kel'manov, AV.
Probability Bounds of the Incorrect Recognition for a Quasi-Periodic Sequence of a Predefined Number of Identical Subsequences
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 3(4), 333-344 (2000)
93. Kel'manov, AV; Okol'nishnikova, LV.
A posteriori joint detection and distinguishing of subsequences in a quasiperiodic sequence
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 3(2), 115-139 (2000)
94. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A Posteriori Detection of a Given Number of Truncated Subsequences in a Quasiperiodic Sequence
Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 3(1), 137-156 (2000)
95. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A posteriori detection of a given number of truncated subsequences in a quasiperiodic sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 10(4), 500-513 (2000)
96. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
A posteriori joint detection and discrimination of a given number of subsequences in a quasiperiodic sequence
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 10(3), 379-388 (2000)
97. Kel'manov, AV.
Probability Bounds of the Incorrect Recognition for a Quasi-Periodic Sequence of a Predefined Number of Identical Subsequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 10(2), 195-202 (2000)
98. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Recognizing a quasiperiodic sequence composed of a given number of identical subsequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 10(1), 127-142 (2000)
99. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Algorithm for Recognizing Gaussian Vectors Whose Mean-Value Vector Components Form Quasi-Periodic Sequences Composed of a Given Number of Equal Subsequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 9(1), 64-66 (1999)
100. Kel'manov, AV; Salomatina, NV.
Varying the Linguistic Resource in Training the Systems of the Connected Speech Recognition and Synthesis
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 9(1), 62-63 (1999)
101. Kel'manov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.
Optimal Detection of Given Number of Identical Subsequences in a Quasi-Periodic Sequence

Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 2(4), 333-349 (1999)

102. Kelmanov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.

A posteriori joint detection and distinction of a given number of subsequences in a quasi-periodic sequence

Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 2(2), 106-119 (1999)

103. Kelmanov, AV; Khamidullin, SA.

Recognition of a Quasiperiodic Sequence Formed by a Given Number of Identical Subsequences

Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 2(1), 53-74 (1999)

104. Kel'manov, AV; Salomatina, NV.

Linguistic Resource for Training in Systems Coherent Speech Recognition and Synthesis
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 8(3), 415-416 (1999)

105. Kel'manov, AV; Kutnenko, OA.

The Lower Boundary on Error Probability for Recognition of a Quasi-Periodic Sequence of Pulses Distorted by Uncorrelated Noise

Sibirskii Zhurnal Industrial'noi Matematiki 1(2), 113-126 (1998)

106. Kel'manov, AV; Salomatina, NV; Khamidullin, SA.

A Computer-Aided System for Speech Signal Generation
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 8(3), 417-418 (1998)

107. Kel'manov, AV; Kutnenko OA; Khamidullin, SA.

Instrumental System for Processing and Analysis of Speech Signals
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 8(3), 361-362 (1998)

108. Kel'manov, AV; Kutnenko, OA.

On the Bounds of the Error Probability in Group Classification of Quasiperiodic Sequences
Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis 8(2), 125-127 (1998)

Наиболее полный список публикаций с 1978 по 2006 см. по ссылке:

http://math.nsc.ru/~kelmanov/d11_ENG.htm